

Geochemical Atlas – Erzgebirge and Vogtland

Indium in stream sediments

Indium (In) shows a strong right skewed log distribution. The maximum value is 36 mg/kg, the minimum is below the detection limit of 0.005 mg/kg. The arithmetic average is 0.12 mg/kg, the median 0.04 mg/kg. The contrast between indium bearing areas and the barren background is sharp in spite of low absolute concentrations. Indium is slightly elevated in Neoproterozoic and Cambrian metamorphites and scarce in Ordovician and Silurian sedimentary and metasedimentary rocks. An area of roughly 3 km length with In > 1 mg/kg is situated in the central Freiberg mining district. Other areas with In > 0.4 mg/kg cover other mining regions such as the Gottesberg greisen deposit, the BiCoNi vein deposit of Johanngeorgenstadt, the skarns of the Westerzgebirge complex deposit and the Ag and Sn mining districts of the central Erzgebirge (Annaberg-

Buchholz, Ehrenfriedersdorf and Marienberg-Wolkenstein). Smaller spots of similar concentration occur at the Sadisdorf district. Furthermore, large areas of In > 0.25 mg/kg surround these spots such as in the vicinity of Altenberg and the Marienberg-Wolkenstein district. Areas with In > 0.1 mg/kg are, from WSW to ENE: the fluorite-baryte mining district of Schönbrunn, the border regions SW and NE of the Niederschlag-Bärenstein district and several spots NE of the Sn deposit of Seiffen. In summary, elevated indium contents coincide mainly with polymetallic and BiCoNi vein districts and with Sn skarns. Compared with other elements, In-elevated areas correlate predominantly with Cu, Zn and Sn.

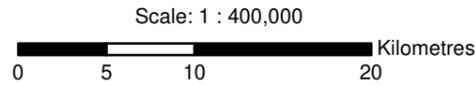
Project partners:



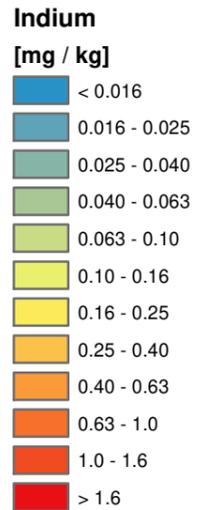
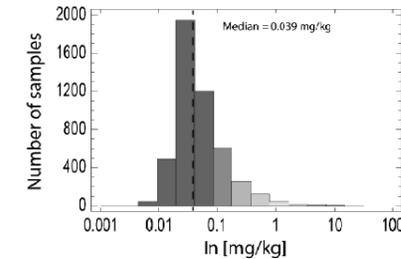
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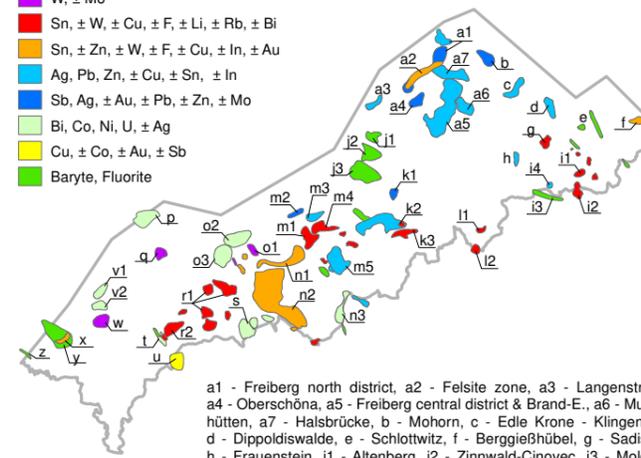
Analysed fraction: < 0.18 mm
Analysed by: ALS Minerals
Analytical method: ME-MS41 (Ultra Trace Aqua Regia ICP-MS)



Number of samples: 4732
Min: < 0.005 mg/kg
Max: 36.4 mg/kg
Arithmetic Mean: 0.12 mg/kg
Geometric Mean: 0.05 mg/kg
Median: 0.04 mg/kg

Important Mineral Occurrences

- W, ± Mo
- Sn, ± W, ± Cu, ± F, ± Li, ± Rb, ± Bi
- Sn, ± Zn, ± W, ± F, ± Cu, ± In, ± Au
- Ag, Pb, Zn, ± Cu, ± Sn, ± In
- Sb, Ag, ± Au, ± Pb, ± Zn, ± Mo
- Bi, Co, Ni, U, ± Ag
- Cu, ± Co, ± Au, ± Sb
- Baryte, Fluorite



Main Geological Units

- Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks
- Permo-Carboniferous sediments
- Upper Carboniferous igneous rocks
- Devonian sediments and volcanics
- Ordovician metapelites, metacarbonates and gneisses
- Ordovician to Silurian pelites and psammities
- Cambrian to Ordovician metasediments
- Neoproterozoic and Lower Paleozoic gneisses

- 1 – Altenberg-Teplice-Caldera (incl. 1a - Schellerhau granite), 2 – Bergen Pluton 3 – Eibenstock Pluton, 4 – Eichigt Pluton (concealed), 5 – Fichtelgebirge Pluton, 6 – Flöha Fault Zone, 7 – Frankenberg Crystalline Complex, 8 – Markersbach Pluton, 9 – Gera-Jachymov Fault Zone, 10 – Kirchberg Pluton, 11 – Niederbobitzsch Pluton, 12 – Tharandt Volcanic Complex, 13 – Löbnitz-Zwönitz Syncline

Project: Prediction of Strategic High Technology Metals in the Erzgebirge (WISTAMERZ) - Indium in stream sediments -



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